Rodings Primary School

MUSIC LEARNING LADDER



Listening, appraising and responding

Composing

Performing



Music

Progression of skills

Listening, appraising and responding	2-3
Composing	4-5
Performing	6-7

		Key st	tage 1	Key stage 2					
Kapow Primary"	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
	Listening to a range of high-quality live and recorded music								
Listening, appraising and responding	 Responding to music through movement, altering movement to reflect the tempo, dynamics 	 Recognising and understanding the difference between pulse and rhythm. 	 Recognising timbre changes in music they listen to Recognising 	 Discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using 	 Recognising the use and development of motifs in music. Identifying gradual 	 Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, 	 Discussing musical eras in content, identifying how they have influenced each other, and 		
Composing	 or pitch of the music Understanding that different types of sounds are called timbres. Expressing their response to different music and lyrics Recognising basic 	or pitch of the music• Understanding that different types of sounds are called timbres.structural features in music they listen to.Expressing their response to different music and• Understanding that different types of to.structural features in music they listen to.	musical vocabulary (Indian, classical, Chinese, Battle Songs, Ballads, Jazz). • Understanding that	ary dynamic and tempo changes within a piece of music azz). • Recognising and	styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary, and explaining how these have developed over time	discussing the impact of different composers on the development of musical styles.			
Performing		(faster/slower, louder/quieter and	 Instrumentation. Beginning to use musical vocabulary to describe music. Identifying melodies 	music from different parts of the world, and different times, have different features.	stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary (Samba, Rock and	(South African, West African, Musical Theatre, Dance Remix, Classical).	 Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of music and relating it to other aspects of 		
	 Exploring the story behind the lyrics or music Listening to and following a beat using body percussion and instruments Considering whether a piece of music has a fast, moderate or slow tempo 	 Describing the character, mood, or 'story' of music they listen to, both verbally and through movement. Describing the differences between two pieces of music. Expressing a basic opinion about music (like/dislike) 	 Identifying melodies that move in steps. 	 Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary. Describing the timbre, dynamic, and textural details of a piece of music, both verbally, and through movement. Beginning to show an awareness of metre. Recognising and beginning to discuss changes within a piece of music. 	 Roll, Blues). Identifying common features between different genres, styles and traditions of music. Recognising, naming and explaining the effect of the interrelated dimensions of music. Identifying scaled dynamics (crescendo/decresc endo) within a piece of music. Using musical vocabulary to discuss the purpose of a piece of music. 	 Representing the features of a piece of music using graphic notation, and colours, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary. Comparing, discussing and evaluating music using detailed musical vocabulary. 	 the Arts (pop art, film music). Representing changes in pitch, dynamics and texture using graphic notation, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary. Identifying the way that features of a song can complement one another to create a coherent overall effect. 		

		Key s	tage 1	Key stage 2			
Kapow Primary"	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		e of high-quality live	e and recorded musi	c continued.			
Listening, appraising and responding							 Use musical vocabulary correctly when describing and evaluating the features of a piece of music.
Composing							 Evaluating how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music sounds.
Performing							sounus.
	Listening with atte	ntion to detail and r	recall sounds with in	creasing aural mem	orv		
	 Listening to sounds and matching to the object or instrument Listening to sounds and identifying high and low pitch Listening to and repeating a simple rhythm Listening to and repeating simple lyrics Understanding that different instruments make different sounds and grouping them accordingly 	 Listening to and repeating short, simple rhythmic patterns. Listening and responding to other performers by playing as part of a group. 	 Listening to and repeating a short, simple melody by ear. Suggesting improvements to their own and others' work. 	• Beginning to use musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) when discussing improvements to their own and others' work.	 Using musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) when discussing improvements to their own and others' work. 	• Developing confidence in using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and others' work.	 Confidently using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and others work.

		Key stage 1 Key stag				Key stage 1 Key stage 2				
Kapow Primary"	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
	Create sounds and music using the interrelated dimensions of music									
Listening, appraising and responding	 Playing untuned percussion 'in time' with a piece of music 	Selecting and creating short sequences of sound with voices or instruments to	• Selecting and creating longer sequences of appropriate sounds	• Composing a piece of music in a given style with voices and instruments (Battle	• Composing a coherent piece of music in a given style with voices,	 Composing a detailed piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, 	 Improvising coherently and creatively within a given style, 			
Composing	 Selecting classroom objects to use as instruments Experimenting with body percussion and vocal sounds to 	represent a given idea or character. Combining instrumental and vocal sounds within a given structure.	 with voices or instruments to represent a given idea or character. Successfully combining and 	Song, Indian Classical, Jazz, Swing). • Combining melodies and rhythms to compose a	 bodies and instruments. Beginning to improvise musically within a given style (Blues). 	 bodies and instruments (Remix, Colours, Stories, Drama). Improvising coherently within a 	 incorporating given features. Composing a multi-layered piece of music from a given stimulus with 			
Performing	vocal sounds to respond to music Selecting appropriate instruments to represent action Vocal sounds to given structure. Creating simple melodies using a few notes. Choosing dynamics,	layering several instrumental and vocal patterns within a given structure.	rering severalmulti-layeredtrumental andcomposition in acal patternsgiven stylethin a given(pentatonic).	 Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition, inversion, and 	 Combing rhythmic patterns (ostinato) into a multi-layered composition using 	 voices, bodies and instruments. Composing an original song, incorporating lyric 				
	represent action and mood • Experimenting with playing instruments in different ways	Choosing dynamics, tempo and timbre for a piece of music. Creating a simple graphic score to represent a composition. Beginning to make improvements to their work as suggested by the teacher.	 Creating simple melodies from 5 or more notes. Choosing appropriate dynamics, tempo and timbre for a piece of music. Using letter name and graphic notation to represent the details of their composition. Beginning to suggest improvements to their own work. 	 Using letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff), and key musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions. Suggesting and implementing improvements to their own work, using musical vocabulary. 	 inversion, and looping. Creating a piece of music with at least four different layers and a clear structure. Using letter name, graphic and rhythmic notation and key musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions. Suggesting improvements to others work, using musical vocabulary. 	 composition using all the inter-related dimensions of music to add musical interest. Using staff notation to record rhythms and melodies. Selecting, discussing and refining musical choices both alone and with others, using musical vocabulary with confidence. Suggesting and demonstrating improvements to own and others' work. 	 incorporating lyric writing, melody writing and the composition of accompanying features, within a given structure. Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition and changes in dynamics, pitch and texture. Recording own composition using appropriate forms of notation and/or technology and incorporating. 			

		Key s	tage 1	Key stage 2				
Kapow Primary"	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
	Create sounds and	l music using the int	errelated dimensior	ns of music continuec	d.			
Listening, appraising and responding							• Constructively critique their own and others' work, using musical vocabulary.	
Composing								
Performing								
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		Key stage 1 Key stage 2				tage 2	2		
Kapow Primary"	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
		-	1	-					
Listening, appraising and responding	 Using their voices to join in with well-known songs from memory 	 oin in with well-known songs rom memory Singing short songs from memory, maintaining their role within a group performance Singing short songs from memory, maintaining the overall shape of the melody and keeping in time. Maintaining the pulse (play on the beat) using hands, and tuned and 	h expressively to speak and chant. hory • Singing short songs from memory, maintaining the overall shape of the melody and keeping	oin in with well-known songs from memoryexpressively to speak and chant.expressively when singing, including the use of basic dynamics (loud and quiet).Remembering and maintaining their role within a group performanceSinging short songs from memory, maintaining the overall shape of the melody and keeping in time.Singing short songs from memory, maintaining the overall shape of the melody and keeping in time.	variety of musical in a variety of styles with accuracy musical styles from and control, memory, with	• Singing songs in two or more parts, in a variety of musical styles from memory, with accuracy,	 Singing songs in two or more secure parts from memory, with accuracy, fluency, control and 		
Composing	• Remembering and maintaining their role within a group performance				from memory, maintaining the overall shape of the melody and keeping in time. quiet). • Singing short song from memory, wit melodic and	 Singing short songs from memory, with 	Singing short songs from memory, with melodic andtechnique.Singing and playing in time with peers,	dynamic changes.	 fluency, control and expression. Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting
Performing	 Moving to music with instruction to perform actions Participating in 		 Copying longer rhythmic patterns on untuned percussion 	 accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance. Singing and playing in time with peers, with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group 	dynamics and pitch according to a graphic score, keeping in time with others and	dimensions of music as required, keeping in time with others and communicating with the group.			
	 performances to a small audience Stopping and starting playing at the right time 	 instruments. Copying back short rhythmic and melodic phrases on percussion instruments. Responding to simple musical instructions such as tempo and dynamic changes as part of a class performance. Performing from graphic notation. 	 instruments, keeping a steady pulse. Performing expressively using dynamics and timbre to alter sounds as appropriate. Singing back short melodic patterns by ear and playing short melodic patterns from letter notation. 	 Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and be able to identify these symbols using musical terminology. 	 performance. Playing melody parts on tuned instruments with accuracy and control and developing instrumental technique. Playing syncopated rhythms with accuracy, control and fluency. Playing simple chord sequences (12 bar blues). 	 communicating with the group. Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and simple staff notation. Playing a simple chord progression with accuracy and fluency. 	 Performing a solo or taking a leadership role within a performance. Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation. Performing by following a conductor's cues and directions. 		

		Key s	tage 1	Key stage 2				
Kapow Primary"	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Listening, appraising and responding					 Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and identifying 			
Composing					these symbols using musical terminology.			
Performing								
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